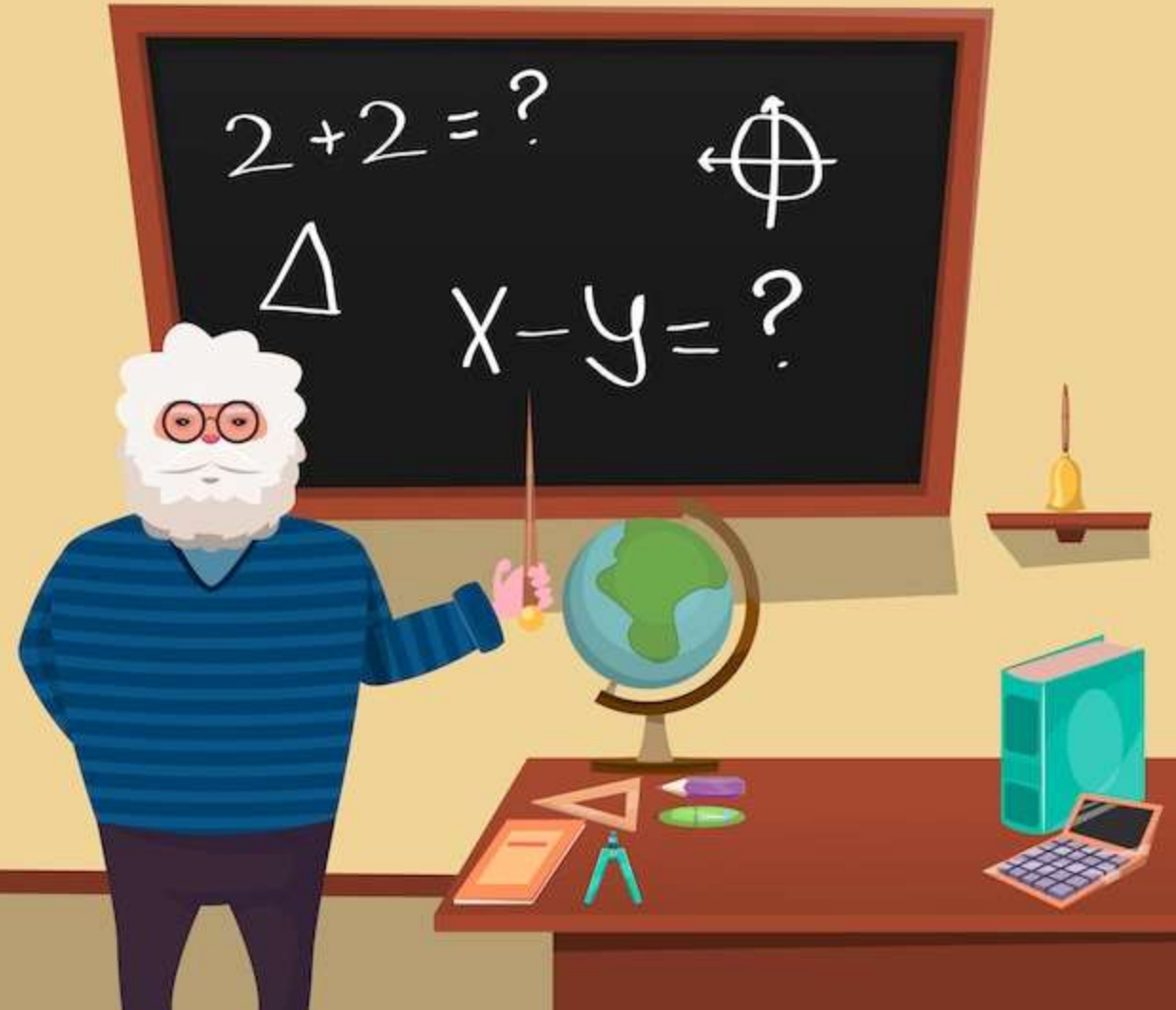


Proportion (Part 2)



► Percentage

$N \longrightarrow 100\%$

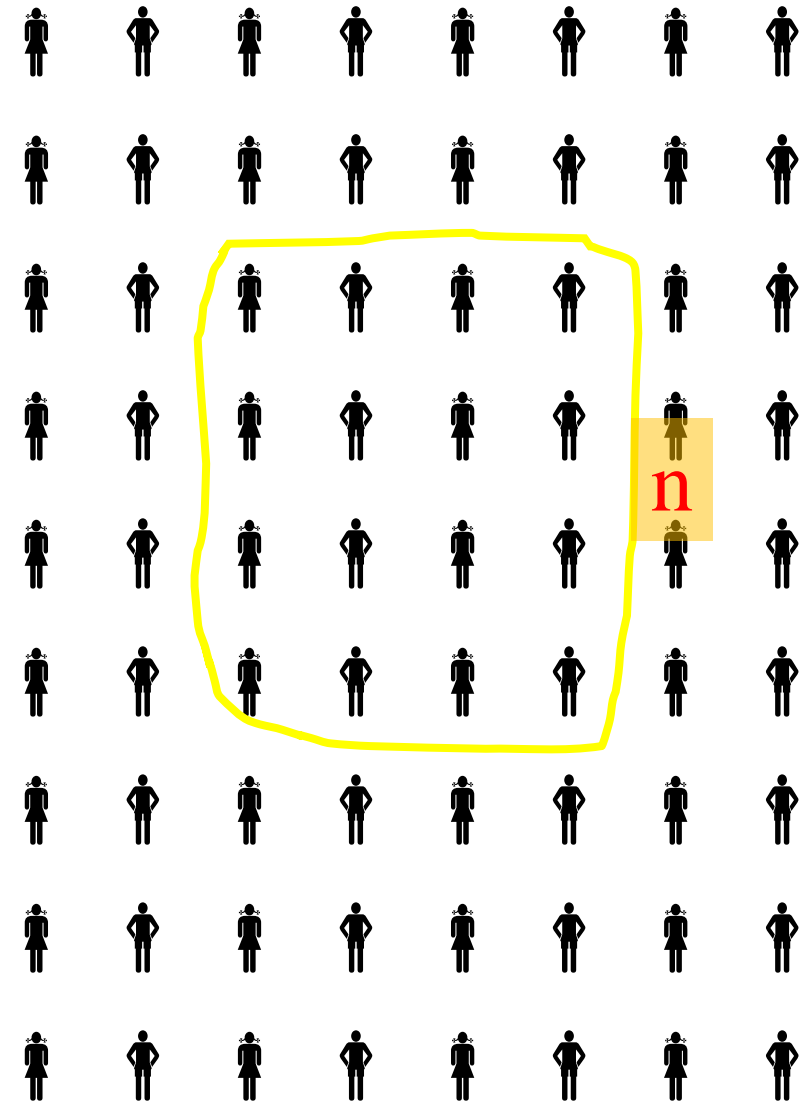
$n \longrightarrow \%$

or

Number	N	n
Percentage	100	%

$$\% = \frac{n}{N} \times 100$$

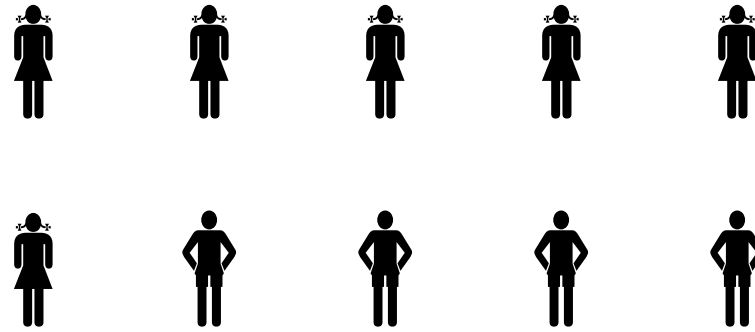
Total: N



► Percentage

Example 1:

In a class there are 10 students: 6 girls and 4 boys.



The percentage of girls is 60%

10  100%

6  %

or

$$\% = \frac{6 \times 100}{10} = 60\%$$

The percentage of girls is:

$$\begin{aligned}\% &= \frac{\text{number of girls}}{\text{Total}} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{6}{10} \times 100 = 60\%\end{aligned}$$

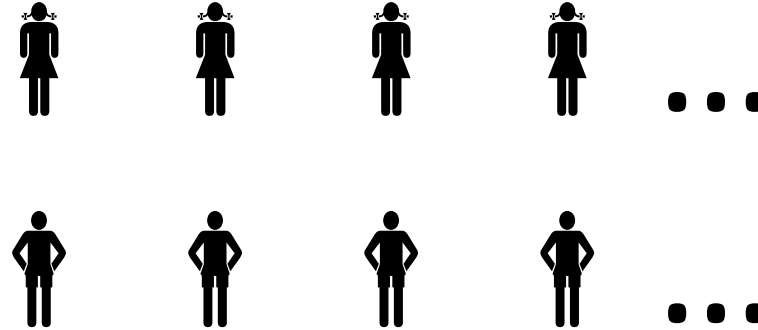
► Percentage

Example 2:

In a class there are 30 students.

40% of the students are boys.

How many boys are there?



30 \longrightarrow 100%

n \longrightarrow 40%

or

$$n = \frac{40 \times 30}{100} = 12 \text{ boys}$$

The number of boys is:

40% \times 30

$$\text{So, } \frac{40}{100} \times 30 = 12 \text{ boys}$$

$$n = \frac{\%}{100} \times N$$

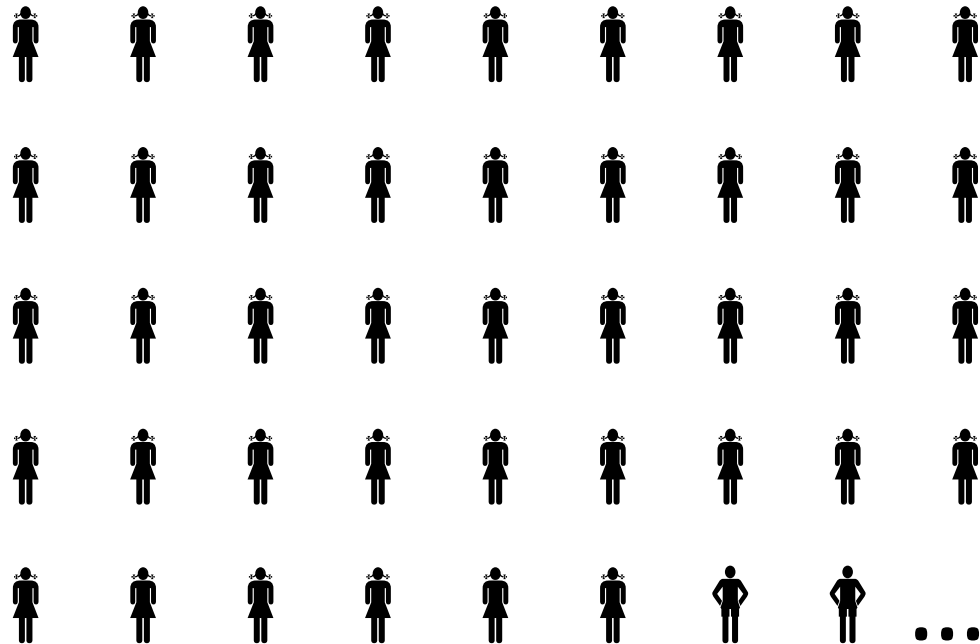
► Percentage

Example 3:

In a class there are N students:

- 30% of the students are boys.
- 42 students are girls.

Find N.



The percentage of girls is:
 $100 - 30 = 70\%$

N \longrightarrow 100%

42 \longrightarrow 70%

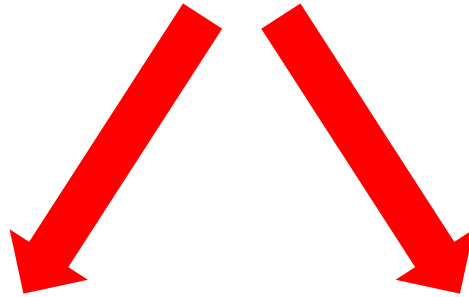
$$N = \frac{42 \times 100}{70} = 60 \text{ students}$$

$$N = \frac{n \times 100}{\%}$$

► Percentage

In general, to calculate percentage we can use proportionality table or memorize the relation:

$$\% = \frac{n}{N} \times 100$$



$$n = \frac{\%}{100} \times N$$

$$N = \frac{n \times 100}{\%}$$

► Application 1

Joury bought candies of different tastes:

- $\frac{1}{4}$ of candies are of lemon taste.
 - 62.5% of candies are of strawberry taste.
 - 9 candies are of chocolate taste.
- a) What is the total number of candies?
- b) Calculate the number of strawberry candies.



► Application 1



Joury bought candies of different tastes:

- $\frac{1}{4}$ of candies are of lemon taste.
- 62.5% of candies are of strawberry taste.
- 9 candies are of chocolate taste.

a) What is the total number of candies?

b) Calculate the number of strawberry candies.

The percentage of lemon candies is $\frac{1}{4} \times 100 = 25\%$

The percentage of chocolate candies is: $100 - (25 + 62.5) = 12.5\%$

The total number of candies is $N = \frac{9 \times 100}{12.5} = 72$ candies

► Application 1

Joury bought candies of different tastes:

- $\frac{1}{4}$ of candies are of lemon taste.
- 62.5% of candies are of strawberry taste.
- 9 candies are of chocolate taste.

a) What is the total number of candies?

b) Calculate the number of strawberry candies.



The number of strawberry candies is 62.5% of 72

Then $\frac{62.5}{100} \times 72 = 45$ strawberry candies.

► Application 2

Youssef has 150 marbles:

- 15 marbles are red.
- 20% of the marbles are yellow.
- 28% of the marbles are blue.
- The remaining are green.

How many green marbles are there? (in 2 methods)

First method:

The percentage of red marbles is : $\frac{15}{150} \times 100 = 10$

The percentage of green marbles is $100 - (10 + 20 + 28) = 42\%$

The number of green marbles is $\frac{42}{100} \times 150 = 63$ marbles.



► Application 2

Youssef has 150 marbles:

- $\frac{1}{10}$ marbles are red.
- 20% of the marbles are yellow.
- 28% of the marbles are blue.
- The remaining are green.



How many green marbles are there? (in 2 methods)

Second method:

The number of red marbles is $\frac{1}{10} \times 150 = 15$

The number of yellow marbles is $\frac{20}{100} \times 150 = 30$

The number of blue marbles is $\frac{28}{100} \times 150 = 42$

So the number of green marbles is $150 - (15 + 30 + 42) = 63$